2	BUREAU OF VI	BOARD OF HEALTH TAL STATISTICS TE OF DEATH
	1. PLACE OF PEATH County Begistration District I Township Primary Registration	U 704/3
	2. FULL NAME MANY A HUK	Su Werd)
	(a) Residence. No	
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
.	3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word)	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 22 19 2
	5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HISTORIAND OF (Day WIFE OF	I HEREBY CERTIFY. That I affedded deceased from
	6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)	that I last saw here elive on the date stated above, a date occurred, on the date stated above, a date occurred.
	7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS If LESS than 1 days	THE CAUSE OF DEATH WAS IS FOR LOWS:
	8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry,	CONTRIBUTORY (SECONDARY)
	business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	(duration)yrada
	9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) WAY (STATE OR COUNTRY)	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?
	10. NAME OF FATHER WILLIAM Denne Se	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY. A.D. DATE OF.
	11: BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (OTY OR TOWN)	WHAT TEST CONFIDERED DIAGNOSIE CONTINUE SYMMET M.D. M.D. M.D. M.D.
	12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Softial Tolle	4- VV, 19 VGAddress) Llegter VV
	13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OF TOWN)	*State the Disease Causing Death, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means any Nature of Injury, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. (See reverse side for additional space.)
	14. INFORMANT AND HULLINGEN Address) Such mo	19. PLACE OF BUBIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL 19. PLACE OF BUBIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL 19. PLACE OF BUBIAL 19. PLACE OF BUBIA
	15. FILED 5-1- 19 76 7 FORM REGISTRAR	20. UNDERTAKED Significant Address Dules

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But, in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 urs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write Nonc.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); Measles, Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatie), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitie," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetantus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later data.

ALL INFORMATION CALLED MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH FOR MUST BE WRITTEN ON BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS THIS SUPPLEMENTARY. CERTIFICATE OF DEATH LAW 1. PLACE OF DEA File No..... SCRIBED St., (If nonresident give city or town and State) Length of residence to city or town where death occurred How lone in U.S., if of foreign birth? PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR COLOR OR RACE 16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) DIVORCED (write the word) 17. HEREBY CERTE That I sitended deceased from IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF 19 and that 6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEA THE CAUSE OF JOEATH* WAS AS POLLOWS: If LESS than 1 LEND 7. AGE YFARS MONTHS DAYS day,brs. 8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or (duration) yrs. mes. As narticular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, SECONDARY) business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)..... (c) Name of employer 18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED 9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) LF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATHY..... (STATE OF COUNTRY) ∢ 10. NAME OF FATHER WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYT..... 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN) WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIST (STATE OR COUNTRY) 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHE (Address) . 19 SHALL *State the Disease Causing Drate, or in deaths from Violenz Causes, state 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY TOWN) (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or (STATE OR COUNTRY) HOSTITUAL (See reverse side for additional space.) EGICTRARS 14. 19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL INFORMANT (Address) 15. 20. UNDERTAKER ADDRESS

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer. Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife. Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ----- (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Broncho-pneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic). "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions." "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitia." etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

218

 $\tau \Omega$

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.